Transcriptomic characterization of *Fusarium* resistance QTL *Fhb1* and *Qfhs-ifa.5A* in wheat near-isogenic lines

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Abstract

Fusarium head blight (FHB) is a devastating disease on wheat leading to severe losses in yields and grain quality. Resistance to the causative fungus Fusarium graminearum is constituted by the effect of multiple quantitative trait loci (QTL). In an effort to identify genetic determinants underlying two validated resistance QTL to F. graminearum in wheat, Ofhs.ndus-3BS (syn. Fhb1) and *Qfhs.ifa-5A*, we generated NILs from a cross of the susceptible spring wheat cultivar Remus and the QTL donor line, the highly resistant CM82036, a descendant of Sumai3×Thornbird. Four NILs from a BC5F2 population were selected for the presence of either QTL resulting in NIL1 harboring both QTL, NIL2 (Fhb1), NIL3 (Qfhs. *ifa.5A*) and NIL4 (no QTL). We investigated differences in gene expression levels related to treatment, genotype, QTL and time point from three individual replicates using the Affymetrix 44k wheat GeneChip. Probe set contrasts were calculated for Fusarium challenged and constitutive expression differences caused by Fhb1 or Ofhs-ifa.5A. In total, we identified 631 transcripts responding to Fusarium stress when calculating the average expression change between mock and Fusarium inoculated samples of all five investigated genotypes (P≤0.05, fold change \geq 2). The vast majority of transcripts (625) were only detected 72 hai, less at 24 hai (48) and only few at 8 hai (18). 322 of the Fusarium responsive probe sets were genotype independent and higher expressed in all Fusarium infected lines. QTL specific contrasts were calculated by subtracting the Fusarium responsive background from NIL4 (no QTL) from the Fusarium responsive transcripts observed in single QTL NILs: 72 hai 339 genes were up-regulated in lines lacking the resistance conferred by *Ofhs-ifa*. 5A but only one in presence of *Ofhs-ifa*. 5A. Ten genes are higher expressed in absence of Fhb1 and one in presence of Fhb1. 54 transcripts exhibit constitutive expression differences for Fhb1. Thereof 17 genes are higher expressed in presence of Fhb1. Among others these encode for an extensin-like cell wall protein and a wax synthase which may contribute to resistance. 28 genes were constitutively higher and 63 less expressed when comparing only the mock-inoculated samples in genotypes differing in Ofhs.ifa-5A. Of 16 probe sets corresponding to defense related genes, we identified three heat shock protein 20 that are significantly more expressed. Among the defense related genes showing the highest fold changes we found a lipid-tranfer protein at least $51 \times$ higher expressed in the *Ofhs-ifa*.5A lines and a MDR-like ABC transporter, which is a least 2× higher expressed.

Keywords

Affymetrix GeneChip, *Fusarium* head blight, nearisogenic lines, *Triticum aestivum*

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