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#### Genebanks for Farm Animal Genetic Resources 4 examples

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# Austria (AT)

Founded 1997 AREC Raumberg-Gumpenstein Insitute of Organic Farming and Biodiversity of Farm Animals Owneship of material public/private

Support in situ conservation of rare breeds Safeguard genetic diversity of mainstream breeds

Close collaboration with Universities of Agriculture and Veterinary Medicine







## The Netherlands (NL)

Founded 2000 Centre for Genetic Resources, the Netherlands (CGN), National Focal Point AnGR Part of Wageningen University Ownership of material public/private

Support conservation in vivo To be able to reconstruct breeds, To be able to create new lines/breeds, To be able to quickly modify and/or reorient selection,







## Slovenia (SL)

Founded 2010 University of Ljubljana Biotechnical faculty, Public Service for Farm Animal Genetic Resource Owner of material public/private

Conservation - providing long term storage Supporting in vivo conservation Reconstruct breeds in case of extinction Support research







## Switzerland (SW)

Founded 2009 Swissgenetics (cattle, goats), Swiss Government (horses) SUISAG (pigs, www.suisag.ch), private owners (horses)

protection, improvement and conservation of AnGR







### 4 genebanks – different approaches

Main Material semen – all Task Conservation of local breeds – all Backup for mainstream breeds – AT, NL, SW Provide material for in situ conservation – AT, NL, SW

Research & Development - all Part of NFP AnGR - all







### **Restoring lost biodiversity**

Semen mainstream cattle – AT, NL, SW Semen mainstream other species – AT, NL, SW Semen local breeds – all Provide material for in situ conservation – AT, NL, SW

Rebuilding of breeds possible?

| AT | no embryos, few somatic cells |
|----|-------------------------------|
| NL | full rebuilding possible      |
| SL | no embryos                    |
| SW | no embryos, no somatic cells  |







### Questions

International exchange of genebank material NOT complying with EU sanitary regulations but intended for use in breeding? Use of material in case of an emergency? Are national derogations in place? How to link cryobanks to in vivo collections? Genetic characterization of old material? Last not least: Will the new EU Regulation be helpful?





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#### Many questions - lets try to answer them in

### IMAGE





